What We Claim Is:

1   1.   A method for estimating channel characteristics in a multicarrier transmission

2   system comprising the steps of:

3   receiving a multicarrier signal;

4   applying Fast Fourier transformations to carriers of said multicarrier signal;

5   estimating channel characteristics of a multicarrier channel over which said

6   multicarrier signal was transmitted using iterative processing; and

7   decoding said transformed multicarrier signal.

        2.   The method according to claim 1, wherein said iterative processing further

comprises the steps of:

                determining if a block in a frame in the received signal is a training block;

                tentatively decoding said block of said received signal;

5   calculating a tentative reference signal based on a previous training block;

6   generating a tentative estimation of channel characteristics using said tentative

7   reference signal;

8   decoding said block of said received signal;

9   calculating a reference signal based on said received block;

10   generating an estimation of channel characteristics using said reference signal;

11   incrementing the block number;

12   determining if the end of said frame has been reached;

accepting a next block of received signal if said end of said frame has not

been reached; and

iteratively performing the steps above.

3. The method according to claim 2, wherein said decoding steps are performed

using $\hat{\mathbf{c}}_n = \arg\min_{\mathbf{c}_n} \sum_m \|\mathbf{x}_{m,n} - \hat{\mathbf{H}}_{m,n}\mathbf{c}_n\|^2$.

4. The method according to claim 2, wherein said calculating steps are

performed using $\tilde{\mathbf{H}}_{m,n} = \arg\min_{\mathbf{H}_{m,n}} \sum_m \|\mathbf{x}_{m,n} - \mathbf{H}_{m,n}\hat{\mathbf{c}}_n\|^2$.

5. The method according to claim 2, wherein said first generating step is

performed using $\sum_{l=1}^{M_L} \mathbf{B}_l \mathbf{d}(\tilde{\mathbf{H}}_{m,n+1-l}) - \mathbf{d}(\hat{\mathbf{H}}_{m,n}) = 0$

6. The method according to claim 2, wherein said second generating step is

performed using $\sum_{l=1}^{M_L} \mathbf{B}_l \mathbf{d}(\tilde{\mathbf{H}}_{m,n+1-l}) - \mathbf{d}(\hat{\mathbf{H}}_{m,n+1}) = 0$.

7. The method according to claim 1, wherein said decoding step further

comprises the steps of:

demodulating said multicarrier received signal;

combining said demodulated multicarrier signal using a maximum ratio

combiner; and

Viterbi decoding said combined signal.

8. The method according to claim 7, further comprising the step of deinterleaving said combined signal if said combined signal was interleaved for transmission.

9. The method according to claim 2, wherein said decoding step further comprises the steps of:

demodulating said multicarrier received signal;

combining said demodulated multicarrier signal using a maximum ratio combiner; and

Viterbi decoding said combined signal.

10. The method according to claim 9, further comprising the step of deinterleaving said combined signal if said combined signal was interleaved for transmission.

11. The method according to claim 7, wherein said demodulating step is performed concurrently for all signals of said multicarrier signal.

12. The method according to claim 9, wherein said demodulating step is performed concurrently for all signals of said multicarrier signal.

13. The method according to claim 2, wherein said first generating step is performed using $\sum_{l=1}^{M_1} \mathbf{b}_l^T \tilde{\mathbf{H}}_{m,n+1-l} - \hat{\mathbf{H}}_{m,n} = 0$.

14. The method according to claim 2, wherein said second generating step is performed using $\sum_{l=1}^{M_1} \mathbf{b}_l^T \tilde{\mathbf{H}}_{m,n+1-l} - \hat{\mathbf{H}}_{m,n+1} = 0$.

1   15.   The method according to claim 1, wherein Fast Fourier transformations are

2   applied to each carrier of said multicarrier signal.

1   16.   A method for estimating channel characteristics in a multicarrier transmission

2   system comprising the steps of:

3   receiving a multicarrier signal;

4   applying Fast Fourier transformations to carriers of said multicarrier signal;

5   estimating channel characteristics of a multicarrier channel over which said

6   multicarrier signal was transmitted using iterative backward processing, wherein said

7   iterative backward processing further comprises the steps of;

8   determining if a block in a frame in the received signal is correct;

9   tentatively decoding said block of said received signal;

10   calculating a tentative reference signal based on a previous training block;

11   generating a tentative estimation of channel characteristics using said tentative

12   reference signal;

13   decoding said block of said received signal;

14   calculating a reference signal based on said received block;

15   generating an estimation of channel characteristics using said reference signal;

16   decrementing the block number;

17   determining if the beginning of said frame has been reached;

18   accepting a next block of received signal if said beginning of said frame has

19   not been reached;

iteratively performing the steps above; and

decoding said transformed multicarrier signal.

1   17.   The method according to claim 16, wherein said decoding steps are performed

2   using $\hat{\mathbf{c}}_n = \arg\min_{\mathbf{c}_n} \sum_m \|\mathbf{x}_{m,n} - \hat{\mathbf{H}}_{m,n}\mathbf{c}_n\|^2$.

1   18.   The method according to claim 16, wherein said calculating steps are

2   performed using $\widetilde{\mathbf{H}}_{m,n} = \arg\min_{\mathbf{H}_{m,n}} \sum_m \|\mathbf{x}_{m,n} - \mathbf{H}_{m,n}\hat{\mathbf{c}}_n\|^2$.

1   19.   The method according to claim 16, wherein said first generating step is

2   performed using $\sum_{l=1}^{M_L} \mathbf{B}_l \mathbf{d}(\widetilde{\mathbf{H}}_{m,n+l-1}) - \mathbf{d}(\hat{\mathbf{H}}_{m,n}) = 0$

1   20.   The method according to claim 16, wherein said second generating step is

2   performed using $\sum_{l=1}^{M_L} \mathbf{B}_l \mathbf{d}(\widetilde{\mathbf{H}}_{m,n+l-1}) - \mathbf{d}(\hat{\mathbf{H}}_{m,n-1}) = 0$.

1   21.   The method according to claim 16, wherein said decoding step further

2   comprises the steps of:

3   demodulating said multicarrier received signal;

4   combining said demodulated multicarrier signal using a maximum ratio

5   combiner; and

         Viterbi decoding said combined signal.

22. The method according to claim 21, further comprising the step of deinterleaving said combined signal if said combined signal was interleaved for transmission.

23. The method according to claim 21, wherein said demodulating step is performed concurrently for all signals of said multicarrier signal.

24. The method according to claim 21, wherein said demodulating step is performed concurrently for all signals of said multicarrier signal.

25. The method according to claim 16, wherein said generating steps are performed using $\sum_{l=1}^{M_L} \mathbf{B}_l^T \widetilde{\mathbf{H}}_{m,n+l} - \hat{\mathbf{H}}_{m,n} = 0$.

26. The method according to claim 16, wherein Fast Fourier transformations are applied to each carrier of said multicarrier signal.

27. A method for estimating channel characteristics in a multicarrier transmission system comprising the steps of:

receiving a multicarrier signal;

applying Fast Fourier transformations to carriers of said multicarrier signal;

estimating channel characteristics of a multicarrier channel over which said multicarrier signal was transmitted concurrently using iterative processing and iterative backward processing; and

decoding said transformed multicarrier signal.

1   28.   The method according to claim 27, wherein said iterative processing further

2   comprises the steps of:

3   determining if a block in a frame in the received signal is a training block;

4   tentatively decoding said block of said received signal;

5   calculating a tentative reference signal based on a previous training block;

6   generating a tentative estimation of channel characteristics using said tentative

7   reference signal;

8   decoding said block of said received signal;

9   calculating a reference signal based on said received block;

10   generating an estimation of channel characteristics using said reference signal;

11   incrementing the block number;

12   determining if the end of said frame has been reached;

13   accepting a next block of received signal if said end of said frame has not

14   been reached; and

15   iteratively performing the steps above.

1   29.   The method according to claim 27, wherein said interactive backward

2   processing comprises the steps of:

3   determining if a block in a frame in the received signal is correct;

4   tentatively decoding said block of said received signal;

5   calculating a tentative reference signal based on a previous training block;

6   generating a tentative estimation of channel characteristics using said tentative

7   reference signal;

8   decoding said block of said received signal;

9   calculating a reference signal based on said received block;

10   generating an estimation of channel characteristics using said reference signal;

11   decrementing the block number;

12   determining if the beginning of said frame has been reached;

13   accepting a next block of received signal if said beginning of said frame has

14 not been reached; and

15   iteratively performing the steps above.

1   30.   The method according to claim 27, wherein said decoding step further

2 comprises the steps of:

3   demodulating said multicarrier received signal;

4   combining said demodulated multicarrier signal using a maximum ratio

5 combiner; and

6   Viterbi decoding said combined signal;

1   31.   The method according to claim 30, further comprising the step of

2 deinterleaving said combined signal if said combined signal was interleaved for transmission.

1   32.   The method according to claim 30, wherein said demodulating step is

2 performed using QPSK techniques.

1   33.   The method according to claim 7, wherein said demodulating step is

2 performed using QPSK techniques.

1   34.   The method according to claim 9, wherein said demodulating step is

2   performed using QPSK techniques.

1   35.   The method according to claim 20, wherein said demodulating step is

2   performed using QPSK techniques.

1   36.   The method according to claim 27, wherein Fast Fourier transformations are

2   applied to each carrier of said multicarrier signal.